

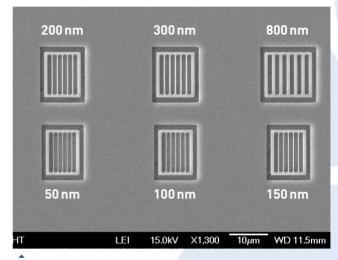
APPLICATION

The Nanoscale AFM-CD Standard (CD, critical dimension) contains patterns on the nanometer scale for the linewidth and also the pitch calibration of scanning probe microscopy methods (atomic force microscopy (AFM)).

DESCRIPTION

The structures for the Nanoscale AFM-CD-standard offer a series of very smooth and sharp etched line-space structures in silicon with vertical side-walls. The smallest lines are around 50 nm wide, 250 nm deep and extremely parallel with deviations of below 10 nm.

Each calibration chip has a size of $8 \times 8 \text{ mm}^2$. In the centre of the calibration chip, where the two-stage finding structure ends, 6 groups of 5 line-space structures with different nominal widths (50, 100, 150, 200, 300 and 800 nm) are arranged. The space between the lines is about $1 \mu m$. Each group is nominally $10 \mu m$ long. The structures are sharp-edged with edge radii of less than 15 nm. The edge roughness is well below 5 nm (3σ).



SEM-Micrograph of the calibration pattern with different CD-widths (from $50\,\mathrm{nm}$ to $800\,\mathrm{nm}$).

SPECIFICATIONS

Substrate	- Material: <110 > Si
	- Chip dimension: 8 x 8 mm²
	- Surface roughness: < 1 nm
Finding structures	- Grooves in the Si-substrate
	- Depth: 250 nm
Types of grating	- 1-dim
Size of grating	- Normally 10 x 10 μm²
Linewidths (CD)	- Nominal: 50 nm, 100 nm, 150 nm,
	200 nm, 300 nm, 800 nm
	- Linewidth variation along the lines
	(within a central part of $1 \mu m$):
	< 3 nm 1 σ

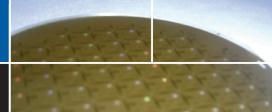
• 1µm + CD value
- Uncertainty of mean pitch: 3 nm 1 σ
• 250 nm
• < 15 nm
• < 5 nm (p-p)
• 89°
· CD & pitch-calibration made
by the PTB Braunschweig on
request.

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice at any time.

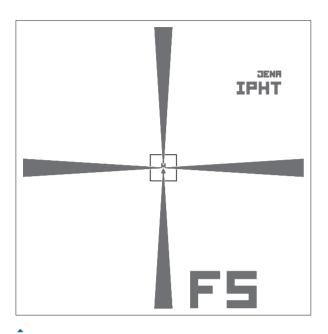




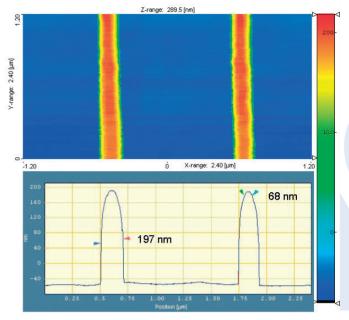




CHIP AND PATTERN DESCRIPTION

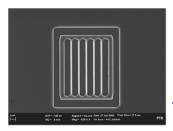


Sketch of the $8 \times 8 \text{ mm}^2$ calibration-chip. The measurement area is placed in the centre of the chip.

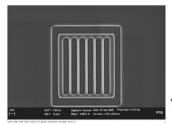


AFM-picture* and the profile of a centre part of the "Nominal 50nm"-structure measured using a super-sharp EBD-needle (dihedral angle = 3.6°, tip radius = 10 nm). The cross-section profile show the convolution between the tip-shape and the sharp-etched calibration structure.

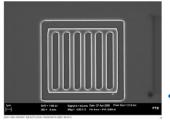
SEM MICROGRAPH'S* (ZEISS SUPRA 35 VP)



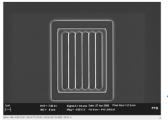
Nominal 200 nm



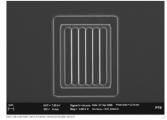
◆ Nominal 300 nm



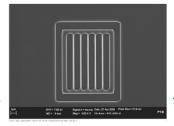
Nominal 800 nm



◆Nominal **50 nm**



√ Nominal **100 nm**



◆Nominal 150 nm

^{*} Courtesy of Dr. Bosse, Dr. Buhr and Dr. Dziomba, PTB Braunschweig



